

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
08/602,503	02/20/1996	MICHAEL B. BALL	2718US 4539	
7590 03/21/2005			EXAMINER	
JOSEPH A WALKOWSKI TRASK BRITT & ROSSA			NGUYEN, DILINH P	
PO BOX 2550		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84110			2814	

DATE MAILED: 03/21/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u> </u>		A				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
066 4-46 00	08/602,503	BALL, MICHAEL B.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	DiLinh Nguyen	2814				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the d	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a repty be tir within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed rs will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 D	<u>ecember 2004</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>19,21-23 and 25-34</u> is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>19,21-23,25,27 and 29-34</u> is/are reject 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>26,28</u> is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Burear * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat nty documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:					

Application/Control Number: 08/602,503

Art Unit: 2814

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wood et al. (U.S. Pat. 5851845) [previously applied] in view of Kaiser (U.S. Pat. 5281846) [previously applied].

Wood et al. disclose a method of fabricating a multi-die assembly, comprising: providing a substrate 26 including a plurality of conductors 28 (fig. 5);

attaching at least one active face down base die 12B to the substrate in electrical communication with at least some of the plurality of conductors (fig. 5);

providing a layer of adhesive 22 to a back side of the at least one base die;

placing a back side of at least one active face up stack die 12t on the layer of

adhesive 22 (fig. 4) [fig. 5 is constructed substantially as fig. 4 but includes a die 12B);

curing the layer of adhesive (column 4, lines 13-19) and securing the back side of

at least one stack die to the at least one base die (figs. 4-5, column 4, lines 57-64);

providing a direct electrical path between the at least one stack die 12t and at least one of the plurality of conductors 28 (fig. 4).

Wood et al. fail to disclose the adhesive layer is an electrically conductive epoxy adhesive and providing a direct electrical path between the dice.

Art Unit: 2814

Kaiser discloses a method of fabricating a multi-die assembly, comprising: providing a base die 14;

providing a back side of at least one active face up stack die 22 on the layer of electrically conductive epoxy adhesive 20 and securing the back side of at least one stack die to the at one base die (fig. 1);

providing the electrically conductive adhesive 20 (fig. 1, column 2, lines 55-56) is between the base die and the stack die;

providing a direct electrical path between the at least one stack die and base die (column 2, lines 27-32);

electrically grounding the at least one base die via the layer of electrically conductive adhesive and the at least one stack die (fig. 1). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the process step of Wood et al. by forming the electrically conductive adhesive between the base die and the active face up stack die, as taught by Kaiser, in order to provide an electrical connection between the chips.

3. Claims 21-23, 25, 27, 29 and 33-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wood et al. (U.S. Pat. 5851845) [previously applied] in view of Kaiser (U.S. Pat. 5281846) [previously applied] and further in view of Fogal et al. (U.S. Pat. 5323060) [previously applied].

Wood et al. and Kaiser fail to disclose at least one discrete component to at least one of the stack die, the base die or the substrate.

Fogal et al. disclose a multichip module (fig. 5, column 3, lines 43 et seq.) comprising:

a discrete component 75 to the substrate 12;

a discrete components 76 and 78 to an adhesive layer 77 to an upper uppermost chip 85; and

a bond wires 44a, 44b, and 79-81, wherein the bond wires bonding to the substrate and the chips. Fogal et al. show that discrete components can be added, while it is not specifically pointed out, the discrete component could include a filer (by pass) capacitor (column 3, line 53) which is needed for proper device operation and is not normally formed as part of a chip. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the process step of the above combination by having at least one discrete component to at least one of the stack die, the base die or the substrate, as taught by Fogal et al., to provide additional necessary components.

- Regarding claim 22, Fogal et al. disclose extending a component to substrate bond wire 79/44b between the at least one discrete component 76/75 and at least one of the plurality of substrate conductors (fig. 5).
- Regarding claim 23, Fogal et al. disclose a multi-chip semiconductor (fig. 1, column 2, lines 35 et seq.) comprising: securing at least another stack die 54 to the assembly and electrically connecting the at least another stack die and at least one of the plurality of substrate conductors.

Application/Control Number: 08/602,503 Page 5

Art Unit: 2814

• Regarding claim 25, Fogal et al. disclose securing the at least another stack die 54 to the at least one stack die 28.

- Regarding claim 27, Fogal et al. disclose securing at least one discrete
 component 76/78 to at least one stack die and extending a component to
 substrate bond wire 79 between the at least one discrete component and at least
 one of the plurality of substrate conductors.
- Regarding claim 29, Fogal et al. disclose securing at least one discrete
 component to the at least one base die, and extending a component to substrate
 bond wire 79/44b between the at least one discrete component and at least one
 of the plurality of substrate conductors.
- Regarding claim 33, Fogal et al. disclose securing at least one discrete
 component to the substrate; and extending a die to component bond wire
 between the at least one stack die and the at least one discrete component.
- Regarding claim 34, Fogal et al. disclose extending a die to component bond wire 79/44b between the at least one discrete component and at least one of the plurality of substrate conductors.
- 4. Claims 30-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wood et al. (U.S. Pat. 5851845) [previously applied] in view of Kaiser (U.S. Pat. 5281846) [previously applied] and further in view of Rostoker (U.S. Pat. 5399898) [previously applied].

Wood et al. and Kaiser disclose the claimed invention except for not further disclose the face down base die includes attaching at least two active face down base die to the substrate.

Rostoker discloses the attaching at least one active face down base die includes attaching at least two active face down base die 404 and 410 (fig. 4a, column 14, lines 40 et seq.) to the substrate 402 and electrically coupling each of the base die with one of the plurality substrate conductors 406 and 412; a bridging 416 at least one stack die between the two base die; and further comprising securing at least another stack die over the at least one stack die (fig. 3b). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the process step of the above combination by having the step of attaching at least two active face down base die to the substrate, as taught by Rostoker, to provide a greater power dissipation and a natural convection cooling channel and design flexibility in mounting semiconductor devices.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 26 and 28 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

The prior art of record fail to disclose the combination of all the limitations recited, including securing at least one discrete component to the at least one stack die; and extending a die to component bond wire between the at least another stack die and the

Application/Control Number: 08/602,503 Page 7

Art Unit: 2814

at least one discrete component and securing at least one discrete component to the at least one base die; and extending a die to component bond wire between the at least another stack die and the at least one discrete component.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 12/28/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Kaiser clearly fails to teach or suggest placing a back side of at least one active face up stack die on the layer of electrically conductive epoxy adhesive.

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive because Kaiser clearly disclose placing a back side of at least one active face up stack die 22 on the layer of electrically conductive epoxy adhesive 20 (fig. 1).

 Applicant argues that Kaiser fails to disclose at least one active face down base die to the substrate in electrically communication with at least some of the plurality of conductors.

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive because this argument has no immediate apparent relevance to the issues presented by the rejection before us since Applicant cannot show nonobviousness by attacking

Application/Control Number: 08/602,503

Art Unit: 2814

references individually wherein the rejection is based upon a combination of references.

<u>In re Young</u>, 403 F. 2d 754, 757, 159 USPQ 725, 728 (CCPA 1968).

It should be noted that the rejection of claim 19 is not based on anticipation, but rather, is based on obviousness.

Examiner relies on the combined teachings at Wood et al. and Kaiser. Kaiser is not relied on for teaching at least one active face down base die to the substrate in electrically communication with at least some of the plurality of conductors (Wood et al. is relied for this teaching). Kaiser is relied on for showing providing a back side of at least one active face up stack die 22 on the layer of electrically conductive epoxy adhesive 20 and securing the back side of at least one stack die to the at one base die 14 (fig. 1). The Examiner thus regards the Applicant's assertions as constituting evidence that the applicant has failed to consider as a whole the prior art teachings disclosed by the combining of the references.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

Application/Control Number: 08/602,503

Art Unit: 2814

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Page 9

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DiLinh Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-1712. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00AM - 6:00PM (M-F).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wael Fahmy can be reached on (571) 272-1705. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

DLN

HOAI PHAM PRIMARY EXAMINER